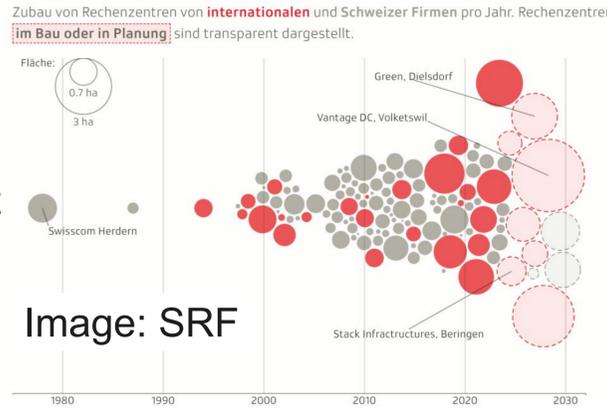


Excess Heat Recovery of Data Centers: Addressing the Governance Gap

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Problem

Switzerland is an attractive location for (international) data centers, with far-reaching implications for energy systems. Municipalities and cantons currently do not have the means to adequately govern excess heat integration. We explore **fair, reproducible arrangements**.



Methods

Eleven **expert interviews** across data center operators, district heating utilities, cantonal authorities, technology providers, and academia.

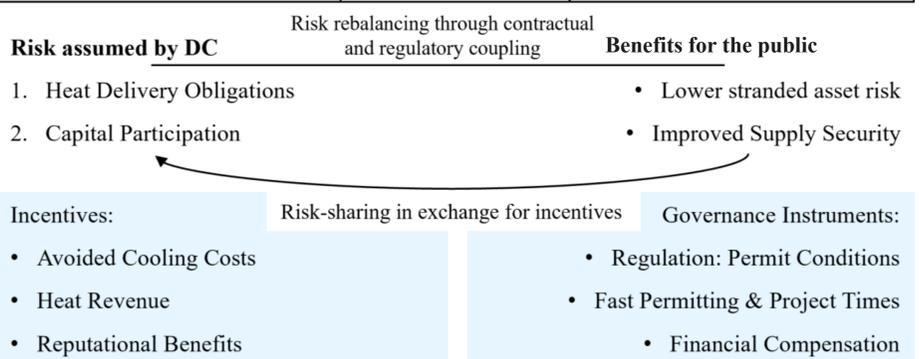
Results

Strategic Solution → Structural barriers ↓	Regulatory default-setting & transparency	Risk-sharing & co-investment	Proactive spatial & energy planning	Recognition of data centres as energy actors
Spatial & planning misalignment	○	-	●	○
Institutional asymmetry & risk allocation	-	●	-	○
Temporal investment mismatch	○	●	-	-
Knowledge gaps & cognitive lock-ins	●	○	○	●

● Strong effect
○ Moderate / enabling effect
- Limited or indirect effect

Interviews identified **four structural barrier types** for excess heat reuse and **four strategic solutions**.

A fair risk sharing scheme?



Proposed risk sharing scheme, taking into account the diverse barriers on the side of data center operators and municipalities / utilities, transforming **one-sided dependency** into a **reciprocal exchange** supported by targeted incentives.

Outlook

Proposed governance measures (risk sharing scheme, planning integration, regulation) will be discussed and refined at a **stakeholder workshop** (foreseen in June 2026).

Impact

Insights were presented at an internal event **attended by ~15 employees of a city utility** (sales engineers, strategic planners).

Core partners



Associate partners



Cooperative partners:

